

THE MONITOR NEWS

VOL. 1

MONITOR, ALBERTA, FRIDAY MARCH 31 1916

NO. 18

The Pioneer Store Guessing Contest

This Months Prize Is A

Beautiful Garden Cultivator

When in town don't forget to make a special effort to see this Cultivator now displayed in our window.

For every \$1.00 purchase you are entitled to a guess of how many beans are in the jar. The first person guessing right or the nearest right number wins the prize.

The cultivator was purchased from J. A. Hayes & Sons who will give \$12.00 to the winner for the cultivator if they have no use for it.

We are Agents for

Columbia Gramophones & Records

These Records fit Victor Machines.

Garden Seeds

The famous McKenzie & Steele Briggs are the seeds to grow, always reliable and sold at the same prices as others. I have them for sale.

Get a Guess With Every Dollar Purchase.

A. J. Deadmarsh

The Pioneer Merchant

Walter Beatson Killed

Word was received here during last week that Walter Beatson had been killed in action. This is the first break in those who enlisted from this district. Beatson was well known in Monitor, he having along with Fred Herity, built the place at present occupied by the harness shop.

His parents are living in Provost and the sympathy of all those that knew Walt is extended to them in their bereavement.

Masquerade Ball a Grand Success

The Masquerade Dance given by the Orange Lodge on Friday last was a complete success. About 25 couples were in costume and a considerable number attended without masks.

The prize winners were given as follows:

Mrs. P. Hanson as a bride.
J. W. Allen as King Charles L. Lawrence as Duke of York
Mrs. E. T. Stewart as Notion Counter.

Mrs. L. R. Beebe as the Monitor News.

H. Hayes as the Union Jack
Miss Madill and Mack MacDonald as Kilties.

The prizes won by Miss Madill and Mrs. Beebe were donated by L. R. Beebe and E. T. Stewart.

Willard Wins

Jess Willard wins the ten round fight on points from Morgan. Willard broke his left hand in the third round but was able to finish the fight and won it.

A record crowd took in the fight. \$150,000 was taken in on the fight.

Big Wreck on New York Central

Three Express Trains Collide During a Heavy Fog

In the wreck on the N. Y. C. R. at Amers, Ohio, yesterday over 30 persons were killed and more than 45 injured, when two express trains collided, throwing the cars on to the other track and then the Twentieth Century Limited ran into the wreckage.

The auxiliary ship Aurora of the Shackleton Antarctic expedition, is expected to arrive in New Zealand today.

Worst Storm in Years

Great Britain was under one of the biggest blizzards known for years during Tuesday and Wednesday. Great damage was done to the railways and telegraph and telephone systems. Trees, poles and house roofs were demolished. Practically all the rivers are in flood and the drifts in some places especially in the Midlands is piled up 20 feet deep.

Around Liverpool and Birmingham the storm was very severe. Several deaths reported.

Local Items

Ladies Aid met on Wednesday last at the home of Mrs. S. English.

Ladies Aid of Creek Valley met on Wednesday at Mrs. Melvin's home.

Norman MacDonald and J. D. McCaig of Alexander, Ont. are visiting Mack MacDonald.

Col. J. N. Roher will put on a sale of Big work horses, well broken, at the Pioneer Barn on Sat. April 8th.

Ladies Guild met yesterday at Mrs. A. J. Deadmarsh's home.

Hughie MacDonald returned on Thursday, after a three months visit in the East.

Pertinent and Impertinent

Watch out for those parcels Butch. This is leap year.

The Kaiser is selling his castles now. He has already sacrificed his pawns.

The "Maes" were celebrating last night.

Bill Reed took an unexpected trip to Consort last week.

WIRE WIRE WIRE

Carload of Wire just arrived. Get your booked orders immediately. BEEBE HARDWARE CO.

GRANITEWARE

Big shipment of Tineware and Graniteware just arrived. Come in and see this lot.

W. H. OLSON, Hardware

For Sale

Eight Pure Bred Buff Orpington Cockerels at \$2.00 each.

L. R. BEEBE, Monitor

Today's Market Report

Wheat—No. 1 Northern..... 87
Wheat—No. 2 Northern..... 84
Wheat—No. 3 Northern..... 81
Flax..... 1.85
Oats No. 2 C. W..... 23

Notice To Creditors.

In the ESTATE OF JOHN FINLAYSON, late of near the Village of Monitor in the Province of Alberta, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the above named JOHN FINLAYSON who died on or about the 14th day of June, A. D. 1915, are required to file with JAMES FINLAYSON, the Administrator, whose Post Office address is Monitor aforesaid, or with RAYMOND M. LEE of the Village of Provost in the Province of Alberta, Solicitor for the Administrator, by the 29th day of April A. D. 1916, a full statement duly verified by affidavit of their claims and of any securities held by them, and after that date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which has been brought to his notice.

DATED this 10th day of March A. D. 1916.

RAYMOND M. LEE,
Provost, Alberta,
SOLICITOR for the Administrator.

APPROVED
J. P. Mahaffy
Judge.

Town Council

REEVE
H. T. Egedahl
COUNCILLORS
E. B. Purdy W. H. Olson
W. S. McCulloch, Sec. Treas.

Board of Trade

W. S. McCulloch, Pres. J. Hayes, Sec.

United Lutheran Church

REV. H. T. EGEDAHL, M. A.
PASTOR
Services on Sunday, April the 9th in Bette Church at 11 o'clock, a.m. Confirmation afterwards.

Sunday Services

Sunday, April 2nd
Stonelaw 11 a. m.
Ione 3 p. m.
Monitor 7.30 p. m.
Monitor Sunday School 8.45
REV. J. L. WRIGHT

W. G. MacKENZIE

Barrister, Solicitor Notary Public
Money to Loan
MONITOR ALBERTA

Notary Public Conveyancing

W. S. McCULLOCH
Real Estate
Money to Loan Insurance
Monitor, Alberta

L. O. L. No. 2553

Meets on the second Tuesday in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.
MACK MACDONALD, H. McMorris,
W. M. R. S.

Transient Ads.

For Sale

Pair Dry Mares, aged 7 and 8, wght. 1300 lbs. Will take a colt or a cow or mare in foal in trade.

JULIUS FRANK, Monitor
W. 1-2 31-33-4

Strayed

One red and white yearling heifer, brockle face, short horns, no brands. Suitable reward for recovery.

W. Jay. 22-34-4.
Monitor

Cattle Wanted

I am shipping a car of fat cattle on or about April 1st, and will buy any good fat stock. Let me know what you have.

H. McCarron. Monitor

For Sale

American Banner Seed Oats, grown from McKenzie's Best.
45 cents per bushel, cleaned.

H. Jackson 28-34-3
Kirkmuir

Wanted

Two good Oxen, must be young. Will pay cash. Let me know at once.

H. L. Crisp Monitor

Notice

W. E. Reed wishes all those who are indebted to him to call and settle up their accounts by the 10th of April.

For Sale

BROOD SOWS and YOUNG PIGS
A. C. GUDIM 28-35-3

Mrs. Walter Cramer

PRACTICAL
Maternity Nurse
Monitor (N. E. 1-4 32-34-5) Alberta

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

LADY URSULA'S HUSBAND

FLORENCE WARDEN

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
TORONTO

(Continued)

There was, however, one member of the party who sympathized with her. Paul Payne, not being yet strong, got excused from the pursuits and sports of the rest of the party. And nobody knew that he had taken to a sort of amateur district visiting in which he was a huge success, until someone saw him one day carrying a huge basket of cast-off clothes, broken food, and whatever she could beg from the housekeeper, at the side of Lady Ursula.

There was much quiet "chaff" over this discovery in the smoking room that night; and Lord Eastling, who had been too busy enjoying himself to take much note of what was going on, was struck with consternation to find that his sister had been making herself a target for gossip.

The brother and sisters had been by this time nearly three weeks at Oare Court, and their visit, which had been prolonged, was drawing to a close.

Eastling tried to get an opportunity of speaking to Lady Ursula on the subject, but failed. She was very good, noble and sweet, but she had a woman's power of avoiding an interview which she did not care about.

He was cut to Paul, but that did no good. Paul was quite as well bred as himself, and much more experienced; nothing was to be done with him.

The young vicar turned with disgust to his friend Hugo, and asked whether Paul Payne was "all right."

Hugo's fair skin flushed. "Of course he's all right, or you wouldn't meet him here," he answered shortly.

This reply ought to have been satisfactory, but it was not. Lord Eastling had already met several persons in the house party who would not have been accepted in houses where a higher standard was maintained, and he resolved to make inquiries.

In the meantime, he did not dare to speak to Ursula herself. The day went by, until an evening when he came upon Paul Payne and Lady Ursula standing in the porch of the village church, talking very earnestly.

The young man felt all the inconvenience of playing mentor to a sister older and even more than himself, but the thing had to be done.

That evening he followed her as she went towards the staircase to dress for dinner.

"I say, Ursula," he whispered in her ear, "come here. I want to speak to you."

She turned and smiled at him. There was a great radiance in her face and Lord Eastling's heart smote him with an uncomfortable feeling that he was too late.

"What is it you want to say?" asked she gently, as she accompanied him brother, quite willingly, into the big square recess formed by the oval window of the hall.

He was nervous and agitated, she was calm and sweet and dignified as she waited, quite patiently, quite submissively, for him to speak.

"Look here, Ursula," he stammered out at last, after much fumbling for the right word. "It's confoundedly awkward for me to have to speak to you, and all that, don't you know? But it was I who got them to let me bring you and Emmeline here, don't you know, and—well, if anything happened—er—er—went wrong, or—or anything of that sort—don't you know why, I should get into the jolliest row I ever got into in my life. Life wouldn't be worth living at Winterland, you know. Now would it?"

She had begun to smile more radiantly than ever, perhaps at him and his boyish confusion, perhaps at the thought in her own mind.

"Why shouldn't your life be worth living, Tom?" she asked ever so sweetly, laying her large white hand on his shoulder.

He faced her frankly, red, abashed, uneasy.

"Well, look here, Ursula, I—I saw you and that—the fellow—Payne in the church porch just now."

She was smiling still.

"Did you? Well?"

Lord Eastling began to be angry

with her. Surely she might help a fellow, when she got such a lead as that!

But she didn't. She just waited for him to go on. And at last he had to say:

"Well, well, you know, how do you think they would approve, at home, if they saw you encouraging a—a fellow you and there, and I and all of us don't know anything about?"

Her tone was as sweet as happiness can make the tone of any human voice as she answered gently:

"But I do know something about him; I know all about him. Paul and I are engaged."

CHAPTER II

It was a great shock. But everybody got over it. Naturally, although it brought surprise, and grief, and pain to Lord Eastling and Lady Emmeline, that their sister should be rash enough to get engaged to a man, who, however handsome and well-bred he might be, was not in their set, or in any other set that they had ever heard of, their feelings were mild compared to those of the vicar.

At first it was looked upon as certain by everybody that the engagement would be cancelled by the Great Powers as soon as it became known. But the unexpected happened.

In the first place, Lady Ursula, saintly as she was, was quite an exceptional faculty for getting her own way. Then she was twenty-five, and the money left her by her aunt was in her own power.

In the second place, Paul Payne himself paid the Earl and Countess a visit, and proved presentable beyond expectation of hope. Also he talked for the first time, so it seemed to his future wife and brother-in-law, with a quite pleasing American accent, and he told the most charming tales of the vicarages experienced by his family in South Carolina during the war between the Federals and the Confederates.

The family at Winterland had very hazy ideas where South Carolina was, and what the war in question was all about, but Earl's explanation, "Why, about the—the—er—slave trade, my dear, you know," awoke but vague memories whatever in any of the younger generation.

But the stories were vivid and pretty, and although everybody felt that it would have been satisfactory to know the vicar's friends were more accessible, it ended by the acceptance of the young American, untroubled, but, incidentally, as Lady Ursula's husband, on his assurance that he would place himself entirely in her hands as to their place for residence.

He admitted that he was not in a position to make an assurance that he would place himself entirely in her hands as to their place for residence.

He was not rich, that he was frank in acknowledging. But he had resources which, he believed, would prove ample, a bank balance which was quite satisfactory; and although he admitted that he was not in a position to make a handsome money settlement upon his wife, he was able to present her with the family jewels which had come down to him as his share of the paternal estate, and, after making an appointment to do so, he brought to the lawyer's office the ornaments in question, and then and there delivered them up for Lady Ursula's behoof and benefit.

"All of them," he explained, as he opened the worn leather cases, which the jewels themselves did not fit, "have been reset, as you see."

"Oh, I see. Fine. The resetting of your practice, had even something of family jewels, was impressed by the sight of these."

"They are handsome, indeed," said he.

"Yes," said Payne, carelessly, "they look the better, I suppose, for the resetting. But to my mind the things which have come down just as they were, heavy as they look by comparison, are infinitely better worth having."

As he spoke, he opened another old leather case, and displayed to view some diamond sprays and a tiara, in the solid and stiff setting of half a century ago.

"These," went on Payne, "are just as they were left to my mother."

"Ah, I see. Fine. The resetting of your practice, had even something of family jewels, was impressed by the sight of these."

"That it exactly. I can remember small incidents, and accidents connected with these sprays," said Payne, smiling.

The interview was soon over. Payne left the vicar with the lawyer, who duly delivered them to Lady Ursula. She was absolutely indifferent herself to the splendour of the gems, which she never wore except under protest, as one of the distasteful duties of her rank. Jewellery to her eyes, represented a question, and then and there delivered them to Lady Ursula.

She was absolutely indifferent herself to the splendour of the gems, which she never wore except under protest, as one of the distasteful duties of her rank. Jewellery to her eyes, represented a question, and then and there delivered them to Lady Ursula.

On learning that the value was estimated at between twenty and thirty thousand pounds, Lady Ursula became more determined to insist upon the sale of a part of the jewels in the meantime, however, she allowed the question to stand over, being fully occupied with her farewells to the villagers in whose welfare she had always taken such a deep interest.

WOMAN SUFFERAGE.

Its War Time Aspect.

London, Eng. "The women of England are doing their duty. They are taking care of the wounded, or if they cannot assist in work of that kind they are adding their savings to promote the good work. They are knitting and sewing for the soldiers at the front. The suffragists have given so little trouble to the government that it will undoubtedly soften the hearts of those in Parliament, since the 'millitants' have turned all their energies to aid the fighting men of England, and so suffrage may soon come after this terrible war is over.

Thousands of women in Canada have overcome their sufferings, and have been cured of woman's ills by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This temperance medicine, those a great help. A century ago, sells most widely to-day, because it is made without alcohol or narcotics. It can now be had in a form as well as liquid, and every woman who suffers from backache, headache, nervousness, should take this 'Prescription' of Dr. Pierce. It is prepared from nature's roots and herbs and does not contain a particle of alcohol or any narcotic. It is not a secret prescription for the ingredients are printed on wrapper.

Many a woman is nervous and irritable, feels dragged down and worn out for no reason that she can think of. In ninety-nine per cent. of these cases it is the womanly organism that requires attention; the weak back, daisy spells and black circles about the eyes are the symptoms. Go to the source of trouble. When that is corrected the other symptoms disappear.

St. Thomas, Ont.—"I wish to say for the benefit of other women who suffer from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that I have personally recommended the same to many who in turn have been helped a great deal by its use."—Mrs. F. J. BOWDEN, 19 Oliver St., St. Thomas, Ont.

Agricultural Plans for England After the War

To Prevent Young Men From Emigrating to the Colonies

Andrew Bonar Law, secretary for the colonies, speaking at the London school of economics, discussed the problems that will arise after the war, referring particularly to agriculture. He declared that it was necessary for England to adopt a broad programme of agricultural development to prevent a too great number of men emigrating to the colonies.

"The government engaged in carrying on the war," said the Unionist leader, "has no easy task, but the government which shoulders the duty of reconstruction after the war will have work no less difficult. The war has shown us that agriculture is still the most important of all our industries and in the British Isles we must have healthy agriculture."

"After the war large numbers of soldiers will not be willing to go back to tame industrial life. We know how important is the strength of the imperial colonies, and we wish to see them grow in population with men of our own race and ideals, but we don't want to see the best and most vigorous of our people leaving these shores even for the colonies."

For that reason it is essential to make real efforts to place agriculture on an attractive and profitable basis.

Youth is full of confidence, said the orator, until it finds that life is a confidence game.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

puts new life in your harness. Keeps it from drying up and cracking. Makes it soft, pliable and strong. Contains no animal or vegetable fats to become rancid. It makes harness last longer.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

AMERICA

Slow But Sure Victory for Allies

Allies Are Moving Little by Little to a Successful Conclusion of Hostilities

"The success so far attained has been due to the indomitable spirit, dogged tenacity which knows no defeat, and the heroic courage so abundantly displayed by the rank and file of the splendid army which it will ever remain the pride and glory of my life to have commanded during over sixteen months of incessant fighting." So writes Sir John French in the stirring message in which he takes farewell of the army in France. Sir John is not of opinion that the great qualities to which he bears tribute have been wasted on a fruitless enterprise. On the contrary, he declares his conviction that a glorious ending to these long and splendid efforts is not far distant. We hope these words will be taken as more than conventional rhetoric of a farewell message. They remind us of the aspect of the war which is forgotten by the impatient spectator who has got into the habit of talking and thinking as if the war in the west were a formidable walling in trenches with no prospect of conclusion or solution. It is, on the contrary, a prolonged and unceasing struggle in which two great armies are perpetually at grips, in which for many months the allies held on desperately against superior forces, in which for many months more they struggled for equality, and are now at length struggling for ascendancy. It is a war in which the occasional battles are on a higher scale than the greatest recorded in history, a war which needs unceasing vigilance and prolonged preparation for every movement. It is a war of attrition, a war of its realities, but long after the event we learn that a few lines in a daily communique has conveyed the news of a battle as big as Sedan, and that a single "quiet day" has been varied by incidents of unsurpassed courage and heroism on the part of the allies, and that a great number of their needs. We get a superficial idea of apathy and weariness when the reality is incessant fighting, unrelaxed strain, feverish activity of attack and defence, preparation. The belief that it is fruitless and endless is an illusion of the mind. The soldiers know by a thousand unrecorded incidents that they are moving, little by little, to a conclusion in which one army will prove definitely the stronger, and the other weaker be obliged to evacuate its position. They know that there is no other way than that of the "indomitable spirit and dogged tenacity which knows no defeat," and though the war is long and weary and dangerous, it is not from them that we get the cries of impotence or dissatisfaction, or demand for new and sensational methods to cheer the public with announcements of victories on newspaper posters.—*Westminster Gazette*.

British Railroads Do Great Service

One of Finest Feats of Organization During War Is Shown

Calculations just finished for the first year of the war show that the working of the British railroads is probably the greatest feat of British organization during the war. It cost the government only the comparatively trifling sum of ten million dollars, whereas the British troops were transported to all parts of the country, while the regular passenger service scarcely showed any signs of the outbreak of war.

All the railroads are under government control, and are worked by a committee of managers, payment being calculated according to the difference between the net receipts of 1913 and the receipts during war time.

The railroads carried occasionally fifty troop trains in one day, as well as supplying innumerable trains for military supplies and munitions.

To the government is amazingly small. The low expense is only attributable to the extraordinary economical method of the system, and the abolition of all wasteful competition while maintaining adequate passenger service.

The success of the committee on railroad management is bound to lead to a strong agitation to nationalize the railroads after the war, and the proposal is likely now to meet with little opposition from the directors and shareholders.

The satisfaction of government officials and the railroad managers over the showing found a ready response with the public. The British point of view that the railroad methods rival Germany's vaunted system, and that the feat is all the more remarkable because British lines were built with an eye to peace purposes, while the German network of lines always has had military advantage in view.

While travel broadens a man, it isn't necessarily fattening.

Diseases Carried by Dogs

Every Dog Has His Day and Also His Germs

Dr. M. C. Hall of the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry, has just published a bulletin on parasites and diseases carried by dogs, in which he points out that the domestic status of the dog has not yet been adapted to hygienic requirements of modern life, and declares that the destruction of all superfluous dogs, including those that are ownerless or whose owners do not keep them at home and in a sanitary condition, would mean an annual saving of hundreds of human lives and an increase of millions of dollars in the wealth of the nation.

He points out especially the danger of letting dogs "take too great liberties with human beings; as, for example, licking the baby's face or the children's candy. Important diseases conveyed by dogs to man and the domestic animals include rabies, hydatid, gid, muscular cysticercosis, or so-called "measles," in sheep, tapeworm in man, and especially in children, roundworm in man, tongue-worm in man and stock, etc.

Fair! (entertaining wounded soldier)—And so one Jack Johnson buried you, and the next day you up again and landed you on the top of a barn! Now what were your feelings! Tommy—if you'll believe me, me, me I was never more surprised in all my life.

Penicillin is another name for indigestion.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Why They're Bought

"I can certainly say the Gin Pills have done a lot of good for me."

Some four years ago I could not walk up stairs, my feet and ankles were so swollen, but I took three boxes of Gin Pills and the trouble has never returned. My mother, 82 years of age, is taking them and feels fine.

MRS. J.B. SALSBUURY, Camden East."

GIN PILLS are 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50 at all druggists. Sample sent free if requested.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

Don't Forget—

that when constipation, biliousness or indigestion is neglected, it may cause a serious illness. Act upon the first symptoms—keep your digestive organs in good order by the timely use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

RAW FURS

We Pay Highest Values Write for Price List B3 and Shipping Tags

Pierce Fur Co. Ltd.

King and Alexander, WINNIPEG, Canada

We Also Buy HIDES and SINEA ROO

LITTLE THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.

MURINE Regulated Eysides, Eyes flushed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, No Irritation. At Your Druggists. 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye see wrapper.

W. N. U. 1097

The Monitor News

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Subscription Rates

Canada \$1.00 per year. Foreign \$1.50 per year in advance.

Advertising Rates

For Sale, Lost and Strayed—Not exceeding one inch space, 50c for first insertion, or 3 for \$1.00.

Transient advertisements—50 cents per inch, in advance.

All changes of advertisements must reach this office by Tuesday noon.

FRIDAY, MARCH the 31st, 1916

Every year, just about this time there is always a big agitation in the way of Daylight Saving.

Numerous towns and cities are striving to have something along this line come into effect for the summer months. The main idea is to put the clocks back one hour during the months of April or May to October inclusive.

This would mean that we would have an extra hour of daylight every night and it is something that should be put into force. Farmers, especially would find this a great help to them, and we have seen it worked successfully in several districts. With the extra hour of daylight, lamps and lanterns are done away with for several months and the farmer can have all his chores done in daylight.

It would also be a good thing for the village as it would give everybody a chance to get out and enjoy the evening in different kinds of sports.

Every farmer can work this out on his farm and we feel assured that they will continue it every summer. All it takes is the mere changing of the clock, putting it back one hour, say on a Saturday or Sunday night. Just give it a trial this season.

One of the first cases in Alberta under the Alien Act was tried in the Supreme Court at Stettler last week. Max Matzen, P. Siebold, Mike Gabert and Fred Muhlbeir, were accused of sending money to the States which was to be applied to a fund to assist the Germans. Chief Justice Harvie tried the case and all of the prisoners pleaded guilty. Muhlbeir, who was the leader was fined \$200.00 and the others 100.00 each and all were let out on suspended sentence for two years.

There has been altogether too much of this thing going on, also too much talk by those of German sympathies, and a few such sentences will do a whole lot towards keeping pro Germans in their places.

March has been the most changeable month we have seen. Several times we thought that everything in the way of winter, was finished, but along would come another snow storm and mess things up again. Still, at that, this district is away ahead of the country east of here, as there is still several feet of snow along in Saskatchewan.

New Zealand, with a population of 1,000,000 has sent over 30,000 men to the front and has 10 or 15 thousand in training. They intend sending overseas 2500 men a month from now, so that 30,000 more will be sent before the end of this year. Of the total population one in seven is willing to enlist.

Note and Comment

We venture to say that Germany is teeming with peace-at-any-price people just now, and that the number is growing daily.

Villa's vanity must be tickled at the thought of thousands of American troops being dispatched for the purpose of running down and capturing a Mexican bandit.

Turkey begs in vain for help from Germany. Germany requests the loan of Turkish troops for service on the western front, and both requests are refused, thus nicely balancing the account.

German-American plotters are now accused of putting pointed pieces of sharp steel in oats for British cavalry horses. It caught the plotters will probably plead that their motive was to make the horses feel their oats.

The C. P. R. is preparing a thousand farms in the West for occupation in the spring. Why couldn't the government prepare for after-the-war conditions by following the example of the C. P. R.? Is there any reason why a national government shouldn't be able to do as a matter of public policy what a railway company does as a matter of business?

Villa killed 19 American citizens in a raid on a border town and the U. S. government mobilizes an army to go after him. By order of the Kaiser, 115 American citizens were murdered on the high seas ten months ago—and there has been some correspondence on the subject.

A great leader is a man who can take two women out to dinner and keep the conversation off of new spring clothes and surgical operations.

German chemists may have found substitutes for food, for manganese, for rubber and other necessities, but the waning face of the drive against Verdun indicates that they have not yet discovered a substitute for blood.

The practice of melting British sovereigns to mix with other metals and make jewelry to sell to suddenly enriched munition workers wives, is said to have become so alarming that an effort may be made during the present session of parliament to pass a law to prohibit it.

True defense, if it is to have a moral value, will demand each able-bodied citizen. This is a national "must." Some things cannot be bought. The obligation of citizenship must be performed by the citizen, it cannot be handed on to the hired man.

The British and Germans have published the number of non-combatants killed incidental to the war operations, but the Belgians have been unable to count their civilian dead.

We often think of what posterity is going to say to the generation that allowed a foreign power to sink a boat containing 110 American men, women and children.

Geo. Avery**General****Blacksmithing**

Repair Work Neatly Done

All Sizes Neverslip.

Shoes put on at

\$3.00 a Set

All Work Guaranteed.

Star Restaurant

Charlie Yee, Prop.

Board and Rooms

Meals at all Hours

Fruit, Cigars and

Soft Drinks

The Meat Market

I have a selection of the choicest

Beef, Pork, Mutton and SausagesDominion Hams and Bacon
Swifts LardJust Arrived Fresh White Fish
selling at 8c per lb.

Highest Price Paid for Hides

Monitor Meat Market

F. Kuhnle, Prop.

What's The Use of Hauling Water

When you have got to have a well bored sooner or later and why not have it done NOW and save all this inconvenience of having to haul water in the winter time.

Fred Lyons

Well Borer

Monitor - Alberta.

MONITOR GARAGERepairs - Oils - Greases - Good Year Tires
STORAGE

"MADE IN CANADA"

**Our Carload will be Unloaded
Next Week**

And we can make immediate delivery of either Touring or Roadster Bodies.

Also a complete line of Repairs, Accessories

Touring Car \$600 F.O.B Monitor**Roadster \$550.00 " "**

Goodyear Tires, Tubes and Supplies

MONITOR GARAGE**The Monitor News Job Dept.****IF ITS ANY KIND OF PRINTING
WE CAN DO IT**

At Home Cards
Bills of Fare
Ball Programs
Bill Heads
Blotters
Booklets
By-Laws
Envelopes
Letter Heads
Milk Tickets
Collecting Notices
Pamphlets
Posters
Receipts
Wedding Stationery

Artistic Job Printing our Specialty.**Harness Headquarters****MONITOR****Farmers**

Call and see the new and complete stock of Harness, Collars, Sweat Pads, Halters and all other Harness Accessories. This is all first class stock and guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

Give your horses Stock Food and get them in to condition for spring work.**Harness Repairs****Shoe Repairs**

Yours

J. HAMER

Practical Harness Maker



INFLUENZA

Catarhal Fever
Pink Eye, Shipping
Fever, Epizootic

And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat speedily cured, colic and horses in same manner from having them by using Spoon's Distemper Compound, 3 to 6 doses for brood mares, baby colts, stallions, all ages and conditions. Most skillful scientific compound. Sold by the bottle or dozen. Any druggist or dealer in medicines.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

COOK'S

Supreme Chocolate

A pure, unsweetened, cooking chocolate. Easily melted and mixed, containing that rich chocolate flavor that can only be obtained from the finest and most expensive cocoa beans. For years the most satisfactory cooking chocolate in Canada.

Sold everywhere.

Made in Canada.

Delicious with Blanc Mange

Have you ever tried "Crown Brand" with Blanc Mange and other Corn Starch Puddings? They seem to blend perfectly—each improves the other—together, they make simple, inexpensive desserts, that everyone says are "simply delicious."

EDWARDSBURG "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP

is ready to serve over all kinds of Puddings—makes a new and attractive dish of such an old favorite as Baked Apples—is far cheaper than butter or preserves which spread on bread—and is best Candy-making.

ASK YOUR GROCER IN 2, 5, 10 AND 20 LB. TINS.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
Head Office - Montreal 30

Sells Land in Arctic

Government Disposes of 20 Acres on Bylot Island to Gold Syndicate

The Dominion government is doing some real estate business in the Arctic sea. It has sold for one dollar per acre some twenty acres of land on Bylot Island in Baffin Bay, in north latitude 72 degrees, 53 minutes, to the Arctic Gold Exploration Syndicate, Ltd., of Toronto. The land is, of course, yet unexplored, and the sale is subject to the provision that the syndicate may later determine the boundaries. Apparently the syndicate has found traces of gold in the far north.

A Great Asset

According to Hiba, Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture in Alberta, the pedigree bull "Director," formerly of the Rothschild herd in England, and now in the western province, is the finest bull in the country. The minister says he is more than proud of the animal, which is quite to his credit. Prize cattle are a great asset to any province.—Montreal Gazette.

THE FIRST TASTE

Acquired the Habit When a Boy

If parents realized the fact that tea and coffee contain a drug—caffeine—while, especially harmful to children, they would doubtless hesitate before giving them tea or coffee to drink.

"When I was a child in my mother's arms and first began to nibble things at the table, Mother used to give me sips of coffee. And so I contracted the coffee habit early."

"I continued to use coffee until I was 27, and when I got into office work I began to have nervous spells. Especially after breakfast I was so nervous I could scarcely attend to my correspondence." ("Tea produces about the same ill effects as coffee, because they both contain the drug, caffeine.")

"At night, after having had coffee for supper, I could hardly sleep, and on rising in the morning would feel weak and nervous."

"A friend persuaded me to try Postum."

"I can now get good sleep, am free from nervousness and headaches. I recommend Postum." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both forms are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup. "There's a Reason" for Postum.—sold by Grocers.

W. N. U. 1097

Economy Campaign Starts in Britain

The National Organizing Committee on War Savings, has issued an appeal to all employers of domestic servants in large houses to drastically reduce their staffs and close part of their houses.

The committee also urged that simpler meals be served and that garden luxuries, especially from hot-houses, be sacrificed in order to save money and release domestic labor for more useful purposes.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional treatment. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running nose or imperfect hearing and when the inflammation is not taken care of and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. The cause of deafness is cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Dr. J. C. CHERRY & CO., TORONTO, O.
Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

A Passport

The archbishop of Canterbury was to officiate at an important service in London. The main entrance to the doorway was opened, and a great space opened off so that the dignitaries might alight from their equipages unimpeded. When a dusty four-wheeler crossed the square, driven by a fat, red-faced caddy, bobbies rushed out to head him off.

"Get out of here," one of them called briskly. "This entrance is reserved for the archbishop."

"With a wink and a backward jerk of his thumb, the irresponsible caddy replied cheerfully:

"I've the old duffer inside."

Worms cause restlessness and rob the infant of sleep, the worst nourishment. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

No Slackers in Manitoba

The provincial treasurer, Mr. Brown, voiced the common feelings of our citizens when he said that we, as a province, "are ready to pledge our resources to the limit for the defence of the empire. Every blade of grass, every bushel of grain, every acre of land, every stick of timber, and the cattle that roam these prairies shall, if necessary, be pledged to maintain the liberties which our forefathers purchased at such a great cost."—Winnipeg Tribune.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"I hope you are habitually truthful, Norah."

"I am on me own account, mum. I only tells lies to the callers for the family."

Disfigured Soldiers Have Faces Remade

Noted British Sculptor is Putting His Genius to Unique Use

Dervent Wood, the distinguished British sculptor, is at present employed in the Army Medical Corps at the beginning of the war, is now turning his talent to a unique use. All his leisure time at present is employed in replacing the parts of men's faces destroyed by wounds in battle. These include mouths, jaws, and even eyelids, all of which he has made to move naturally.

He has just finished remaking a nose for a soldier which was blown away below the bridge. His addition, which he prepared of electrical-treated metal, is so perfect that where it is joined is absolutely imperceptible, and the patient has regained his sense of smell.

Wood is now giving up most of his time to this work, and is able to treat ten cases daily. Surgeons who never thought that a sculptor's art could be adapted to this work are now absolutely amazed at the remarkable results Wood has obtained.

Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, infant or in the state of adolescence, who is infested with worms can take this preparation without a qualm to the stomach, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

Des Moines and Booze

A Year Without Saloons The Most Prosperous in the History of the City

After going a year without saloons the city of Des Moines makes a report, through the Register and Leader: "One year ago today, the eighty-six saloons of Des Moines closed their doors, and there are few men in touch with the affairs of the city who are not ready to say that the past year has been the best, most prosperous and most orderly in the history of Des Moines."

"Des Moines does not need to rely on general impressions, however. The record of bank clearances is sufficient proof of a new high record in business prosperity. Police and county records show a 50 per cent. decrease in crime and disorder. A walk through the business district reveals the absence of unoccupied store rooms. The demands for houses, coupled with extensive building operations, demonstrates the continued growth of Des Moines."

"Other cities of Iowa can logically expect to duplicate the record made in Des Moines, both as to the condition of the city and the growth of public sentiment, favorable to closing of the saloons. Unless the confused state of politics turns the control of law enforcement agencies to unfriendly hands, recognition of the improved condition of affairs will be universal before many months have passed."—Nebraska State Journal.

Just a Straight and Simple Story

MISS BLANCHARD TELLS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

They Cured Her Kidney Troubles and Her Sufferings Can Learn From Her Experiences How They Can Find a Cure.

Paquetville, Gloucester Co., N.B.—(Special)—Straight and simple to the point is the statement of Miss Justine Blanchard, of this place. She has tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and found them good and she wants everybody to know it. Miss Blanchard says:

"I suffered for a long time with my kidneys. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured me completely."

One simple statement like that is worth a dozen learned dissertations on kidney disease. It tells the sufferer from kidney trouble just what he or she wants to know—that a cure can be found in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

For Dodd's Kidney Pills are no cut-throat. They are purely and simply a kidney remedy. The reason why they cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Heart Flutterings, Dropsy, Pain in the Back, and other diseases is that all these are either disorders of the kidneys or are caused by disorders of the kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure them by curing the kidneys.

Germany's Threat

When Germany has recovered from the war she will undertake a wide spread, well engineered work of education in America as to the relative merits of Germans and Britons. If necessary the mailed fist will also be applied to American aberrations.—Frankfurter Zeitung.

Attend! (to small man behind fat lady in theatre)—Opera glasses, sir? Stolidity—No, thank you, but I'll take a periscope if you have one.—Judge.

"Why are you asking me for help? Haven't you any close relations?" "Yes. That's the reason why I'm appealing to you."

HOME TREATMENT.—Describe your disease, and write for free book "How to Cure the CANCER INSTITUTE, Limited 30 CHURCHILL AVE., TORONTO

GILLET'S LYE

HAS NO EQUAL

It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

England's Public Record Offices

Twenty-five Miles of Shelves Full of Historical Records.

Unknown to the millions who pass through the city of London every work a work of unparalleled magnitude at what is known as the public record office in Chancery Lane, has been going on for a number of years. In this office, there are twenty-five miles of shelves, all full of historical material, going back through the centuries as far as "Domesday Book."

It costs over £26,000 a year to keep up the record office, the keeper of the records being the master of the rolls. The office was established by the public records act in 1838, and the records were taken there from the tower, the chapter house, Westminster, the rolls chapel, and elsewhere. Ever since that time the office has been constantly receiving accretion from

the law courts, the government departments, and from various other quarters.

All sorts of records are kept, legal, historical, genealogical, statistical, and so far as the contents of the office that antiquarian research of almost every kind can be made. There you will find the records of the star chamber and the old wardrobe and liveries. State papers, domestic, colonial and foreign, formerly preserved in the state paper office in Whitehall, are also to be seen there. Usually fifty or sixty students are seen working in the record office every day, and at any time there is the fascinating thought that one of them may make some interesting historical discovery.—London Tit-Bits.

NEURASTHENIA THAT FOLLOWS LA GRIPPE

Rest and a Tonic is the Proper Treatment Distinguished Medical Authority Says.

There is a form of neurasthenia that follows la grippe. Doctors call it "post-grippal" neurasthenia.

One of the foremost medical authorities of New York city in a lecture in the international clinics, said:

"Broadly speaking, every victim of la grippe will suffer from post-grippal neurasthenia also. Lowering of nervous tone with increased irritability is the most striking effect of the disease, leaving of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere. The treatment calls for rest and a tonic."

If you have had la grippe read these symptoms again: "Languor of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere." If you have any or all of them it means that you are still suffering from the effects of la grippe and that you will not be well and free from

danger of relapse until your blood is built up.

The treatment, says the distinguished physician, quoted above, is rest and a tonic. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a non-alcoholic tonic, are particularly suited for building up the blood and strengthening the nerves after an attack of grippe. The rich, red blood expels the lingering germ from the system and transforms despondent, nervous victims into cheerful, healthy, happy men and women.

If you have had la grippe do not wait for a relapse or for the neurasthenia that so often follows grippe, but get a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now from the nearest drug store and begin the treatment at once.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Scouting in English Schools

Hundreds of Boys Go Under Canvas During the Summer

Scouting is becoming a part of the curriculum of the English schools. E. Young, head master of the county school at Harrow, has turned his whole school, which contains some hundreds of boys, into one large troop of scouts, the scheme being so arranged that the same organization of patrol and patrol leaders holds good both for school work and for scouting. During the summer the patrols take it in turn to camp on the school grounds, under the supervision of the head master from fifteen to twenty-five boys being always under the canvas. When in camp the boys have to do their own cooking and look after themselves, the only exception being that they have a substantial meal provided for them in the middle of the day. Manchester Grammar School is taking up scouting in a similar way. It has been decided to start a troop consisting entirely of boys in the school, and it is expected about 150 will be enrolled.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

"Commissioner D. C. Lamb of the Salvation Army, who came to Canada in connection with a project to settle British widows and their families in the overseas dominions, an interesting interview that was widely reported in the majority of those to be settled in Canada by the Salvation Army, in connection with this proposed work, General Booth is calling for a fund of a million dollars."

War Widows to be Settled in Canada

"Commissioner D. C. Lamb of the Salvation Army, who came to Canada in connection with a project to settle British widows and their families in the overseas dominions, an interesting interview that was widely reported in the majority of those to be settled in Canada by the Salvation Army, in connection with this proposed work, General Booth is calling for a fund of a million dollars."

Sunlight Soap is made for the housewife's profit, for only thereby can the makers hope to profit.

Sunlight Soap makes your work lighter, your clothes whiter, your home brighter. It is mild and pure and does not harm either hands or fabric.

Sunlight Soap

5 CENTS

Sounding Lake

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley B. King arrived home on Wednesday, after spending their honeymoon in British Columbia. Mrs. King, (nee Miss Doyle) was formerly a teacher and is well known in this district, having been in charge of the Neutral School, two years ago.

There will be a reception for them tonight at the North Slope Ranch.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Meiklejohn of Consort spent the week end with Mrs. Meiklejohn's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marshman.

Everybody welcome at the meeting in Monitor tomorrow, Saturday at 2 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ingersoll and family returned home on Tuesday after spending the winter months in the States.

Kirriemuir

To the Editor.

The Concert given in aid of the Red Cross Fund, by Mr. and Mrs. Brocklesby and friends on Friday March 24th, realized 45.00, 20.00 being proceeds from tickets sold and money taken in at the door, the rest being made up by donations, Mr. Brocklesby and Mr. W. Jackson each giving 5.00. The turkey raffle given by Roy Baxter, brought 9.00. The turkey, which should have been drawn for that evening, was, for obvious reasons, postponed to a later date.

We think that the next concert should be advertised as the "Iron Cross" not the Red Cross on account of the great progerman sentiment around this district.

We wish to thank those ladies who helped with refreshments, etc.

Subscriber

Creek Valley

The Stable at the school house has been completed, also the several alterations to the school building.

The last dance of the season will be held tonight, Friday. A big crowd is expected.

School will re-open on Monday, April 3rd.

Kirriemuir

James McNish is moving to his Hill farm.

Adam McColeman is visiting his daughter Mrs. A. McCallum near Kirrie.

Roy Anderson, who has enlisted, was visiting his parents last week.

Bert Weise has gone back to his farm.

Sam Lovell has been suffering from a severe toothache.

Bill Willis and his wife have returned.

Mrs. Ike Fleming who has been in the Consort Hospital, is going to St. Paul for further treatment.

Roy Spaulding is erecting a machine warehouse.

Ken McKenzie returned with his bride during the week.

There is a station agent at Kirrie now.

Has anyone seen Kelley, meaning the Red Cross Turk.

Bob Campbell, Leo Bedford and W. P. Nelles spent Tuesday in Monitor.

Council Meeting of the Rural Municipality of Stewart

Minutes of Council meeting held in Monitor March the 20th 1916.

All members present, Reeve Bach in the Chair. Minutes of previous meeting were read when W. Farrell moved that the Council reconsider the resolution appointing J. B. White as Auditor for 1916. Amendment by M. Thompson that minutes stand as read. Amendment carried. Moved by W. C. Gamble that Jos. Stewart's overcharge of taxes be written off books, carried.

Mr. F. Howler interviewed the council re noxious weeds in close proximity to his land. Councillor Thompson was instructed to investigate and report at the next meeting.

Roads and diversions

A road located in 34-5 was disposed of by instructing councillor day to look after same. James Finlayson interviewed the council re diversion on his land, councillor day was instructed to investigate and report at next council meeting. L. W. Sprague and A. Anderson reported on progress made with preliminary agreements re the opening of road on blind line from age 4 to 5, all parties having signed with exception of one person it was decided to ask the government for a survey of said road. Moved by W. C. Gamble that the sec-treas inform J. B. White that according to chap. 3 sec. 181 rural municipal act owing to holding office the year previous could not act as Auditor, carried. Moved by J. C. Day that James Norton of sedalia be appointed auditor for 1916, salary \$800, two auditors carried. Moved by W. Farrell that this council hereby grant \$100.00 relief to David Walker, same to be held in trust by Thos. Partridge and expended as required, carried. The sec-treas was instructed to write to different firms for prices and terms on wheel-scrappers and presses. Moved by W. Farrell that each councillor appoint road foremen and weed inspectors in his own ward at \$3.50 per day for foremen and \$60. per annum for weed inspectors, carried.

Moved by W. Farrell that the council meet quarterly in 4 times per year at a date to be fixed by the council, lost, 1 to 5 against. Moved by M. Thompson that our next meeting be held in Monitor on Monday May 8th, carried. Moved by J. C. Day that this council accept auditors financial statement, carried. Several bills were presented and ordered paid: Moved by F. Bach that this meeting adjourn, carried.

W. C. Huston Sec'y-Treas

There will be a Baseball Dance in the Town Hall on Friday Eve., April. 7th.

HONOR ROLL OF MONITOR VOLUNTEERS

Names of those who enlisted from this district:

Walter Purdy
Fred Herity
Walt Bentson
R. Clark

A. J. Connah
Alvin Shannon
R. J. Harrison
Jas. A. McCulloch

Carl Goodman
Jack McTavish

J. O. Beesley
Alex Smith

John Osborne
Claude (Pat) Stewart

Gilbert Ryckman
Wallace Willey

Ivan Fisher
J. Gillespie

Marion Smith
Jack Cross

Andy McNair
S. Robson

Bob Edwards
George Palmer

Bill Palmer
J. S. Noad

Archie Sinclair
A. Hennessey

F. H. Piper
Albert Deacon.

J. W. Moore
J. Cresswell

Jeff. W. Kay
N. B. Rogers

Jack Tkachanko
Dave Connell

Ralph Connell
John Munson
Harold Duncan
Roy Anderson

If any names have been left out please notify the News.

J. HANSON

Contractor
and Builder

Plans and Specifications
Furnished.

All Work Guaranteed.

MONITOR : ALTA.

Kirriemuir
Livery Stable

Robbins & Peavoy, Props.

Good Teams and Courteous
Drivers.

Best attention paid to the
Commercial Trade.

Kirriemuir, : Alta.

Canadian Pacific Rly.

Arrange Now to
Bring Out Your
Old Country
Folks
Special Through
Rates

Apply to—

Station Agent

Last West
Lumber Co.

Just Arrived

Carload of

Willow Posts

R. N. Lay, Manager

DRILLS

We Can Save You \$18.00 on a
Drill for Cash

Example

20 Marker Doube Disk sells at

Time Price - - - \$161

Cash Price - - - \$143

Why not borrow the money and save your discounts. We give the same discounts for cash on all machinery.

Car of Barb Wire Has Arrived

Our car of Barb Wire arrived on Thursday last. Everyone who has ordered and all those who wish wire at the low prices should come in at once and get theirs.

J. A. Hayes & Sons'

IMPLEMENTS : COAL : FLOUR
OUR MOTTO:---A square deal for a round dollar.

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stable

The Best Livery and Feed Stable
in the Village

Draying of all classes done at
Moderate Prices.

Mack MacDonald, : : Prop.

Palace Amusement Parlor

Johnson Bros., Props.

Pocket Pool and Billiards

Smokers Supplies : Cigars, Tobaccos

Main St. : : Monitor

WAR WILL RESULT IN A FIRMER FEDERATING TOGETHER OF EMPIRE

WILL EFFECT DESTINY OF THE WHOLE WORLD

Premier Hughes of Australia says the Destiny of the Whole World Is Trembling in the Balance, and Every Nation and Every Man Must Take a Part in the Struggle.

Addressing a gathering of the Canadian Club at Ottawa recently, Premier Hughes of Australia said a very strong tribute to the work of the British navy. "We would not be here, free men, today," he said, "if it were not for the British navy." The navy had stopped the commerce of Germany, while from every part of the empire ships laden with provisions, munitions and war supplies of all kinds, made their way in safety to the mother land.

"If Great Britain," he said, "had been as well prepared on land as on sea, this war would not have been." The British navy had made of the great German navy a sort of glorified canal boat.

The speaker declared emphatically that the British empire would never lay down its arms until Germany had been beaten. The German army had already been ringed in with walls of steel. He spoke with deep feeling of the splendid heroism of the Australian troops on the Peninsula of Gallipoli, instances which were given of an Australian battalion went forward knowingly to certain death after its members had left their lives far behind with those who stayed behind. The splendid act, he said, far outshone the famous charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava.

Premier Hughes, referring to his inclusion as a member of the Canadian government, said: "I hold this position in trust for the Australian people." The war, he went on to say, had found the empire a scattered family of nations. It would leave it a homogeneous whole.

"We could have purchased an ignoble peace," Premier Hughes asserted. "The Germans were prepared to treat Canadians as an independent nation and to confer the favor of Australia. In this attitude they were like the man-eating tiger which deals with its victims separately. Germany now knows that she is fighting not only England, but also the men of adventure and resolution in all the British Dominions, who will follow to the end alongside those who gave them their traditions." We shall not quit while life remains in us.

"The issues are vital," continued Premier Hughes. "Although some may look on with an air of indifference, and others with themselves aloof, they are being enveloped, against their will, in this great struggle, which, like some great tidal wave sweeps across the globe, and the whole earth and cannot be dammed here or there by the act of any man or any nation. The destiny of the world is trembling in the balance, and every nation, and every man, must make up its mind on which side to take a stand."

This war could leave the world different from what it found it. The war had come at once as a mighty spur, a sedative, a corrective—perhaps needed by the race for civilization. It would profoundly affect the destiny of the whole world. If by any malign stroke of fate the issue could turn against the cause of civilization would be set back a hundred years. The war fell upon the empire in a moment of crisis. But at the first rattling of the sabre, the world died down, dissonance ceased and we were a united people. There was not a man, nor a woman, nor a child, there was no place from one end of the empire to the other where the people did not stand four square against the common enemy.

The premier said that during the eighteen months of the war Australians and Canadians had on the field of battle proved that the ancient valor of their sires still burned in their veins. Canadians and Australians had both proved themselves to be men. They realized that it affected their very existence. He stood there as a representative of labor and the most democratic government on earth.

"All the ideals that you and I jointly cherish," he said, "and those ideals that are peculiar to labor—all these rest upon the foundation of liberty. We in Australia and you here in Canada, have fought, are fighting, and will continue to fight to the end, for those free institutions which to free men are dearer than life itself."

"This lesson must be learned," said the Commonwealth premier, "from this great war. Some day the wings of the dove of peace may beat a sort of lullaby to the world. But that day is not yet. Until that day comes it is the duty of free men to be able as well as willing to defend their country. Neither duty nor our national rights can ever be safe when we neglect the defence of our country." It could not be left to volunteers, for as it concerns all it must apply to all.

"What is the reason they can't get along together?"

"A matter of temperament."

"Matter of temperament, I should think."

British Officer's Ruse a Success

"Putting One Over" the Germans During a Bombing Raid

Private Burridge of a gun battery now in France, tells a good story of a British officer's ruse that "put one over" the Germans.

"During a bombing 'strafe' at a German camp," he says, "somehow the fuses of our bombs were a little damp. And hardly a bomb exploded at all. But the Germans, seeing the bombs, and began to throw the bombs back."

"Then our bombing officer had an idea. He took the damp fuses from the bombs and put in some instantaneous ones—with the result that when the Germans put a light to them, after our fellows had thrown them over, they immediately exploded."

"I think they spent the most miserable half-hour of their lives blowing themselves up with them. They did not disturb us for weeks after that."

"In other parts of the line you are within easy speaking distance of the enemy, and many amusing conversations, generally ended by a few bombs, have taken place. We called one morning, 'Hallo, Fritz! What's the menu for breakfast?' The answer we received was, 'Cocoa, do you, cocoa!' and another place we could throw 'bully' over. We threw two tins, and presently one of them shouted back, 'Hurry up with the biscuits!'"

The Real Farmer

The Man With High Ideals and Who Lives Near to Nature

The plants which grow in our fields may be classified as flowers, crops and weeds. A similar classification may be made of the farmers who till the soil. The farmer who is not noted especially for the remarkable results of his large farm and large herds, but with whom making the most of his life is the ideal. It is secondary to living a life full of helpful deeds to his fellow man, may be compared as a flower in the rural community.

Rural life may be lacking in many things, but of all the things lacking the most is the ideal. The rush for dollars from early morning until late at night with a view only of expanding the farm and possessions, and the farmer who is one of the evils which has come with modern commercial agriculture. The farmer with higher ideals should be more appreciated, for "in proportion as riches and the rise men are honored in the state, so are virtue and virtuous disordered, and what is honored is neglected," according to Plato. The following is the definition of a real farmer: "The ideal of one of the flowers of southern Wisconsin's rural life, a man of whom every citizen of Wisconsin should be proud."

"And who is this real farmer? The man who farms, simply to see how many dollars he can get out of his year's labor. Not for a moment. That is all too narrow a conception of the real farmer. Rather, it is the farmer to whom farm life and farm surroundings constitute the ideal of human happiness; the farmer who knows as well how many children he has as how many cattle and hogs; the farmer to whom it is as great a pleasure to find in his ramble afield a baby calf, colt, lamb or litter of pigs, with attendant manifest maternal affection, as it is to grasp the price of a fatted steer; the farmer who finds satisfaction in binding up a broken leg and oftentimes succeeds when the veterinarian said, 'Oh, shoot it; setting will never succeed'; the farmer to whom every horse, sheep or bird is a living creature, and to whom, and justly so, as a friend; the farmer who finds pleasure in the realization that a great part of his mission is to feed the world—this type alone constitutes the real farmer."—H. C. Taylor, University of Wisconsin, in the Breeder's Gazette.

Cost of Living in Canada

During January the cost of living in Canada increased materially, according to the report of the department of labor for the month. The index number of wholesale prices went up during the month ten points, due to considerable rises in metals, chemicals, grain, potatoes, textiles, coke, gasoline and many other commodities. In retail prices of flour, beans and potatoes showed some increases. The cost of a weekly budget of family commodities, the report says, showed a considerable increase over the previous month, and a noticeable increase when compared with the cost of the same budget in January, 1914.

Typographical Errors

How it is Found Possible for Mistakes to Occur in Newspapers

Newspaper readers frequently call attention to typographical errors, and are somewhat given to saying that they "don't see how such a mistake occurred." The wonder is not so few mistakes occur. The Philadelphia Public Ledger recently reviewed the story that the Oxford edition of the Bible was read and revised ten times, and that immediately after its publication a reward of 60 pounds was offered to any one who should discover a typographical error. One young fellow was the first champion of Genesis. There is another tradition that the man who read proofs on the Lord's Prayer for that edition went insane for fear he would make a mistake.

One of the great dictionaries published in this country, a standard authority, was read in proof eleven times, and some of the most learned men in the United States were constantly engaged in revising it, yet typographical errors may still be found in the completed work. Blunders in publications of ordinary books, no matter from what publishing house, are common, though they are carefully read and re-read.

In a newspaper plant, operators of typesetting machines set from the original "copy," considerable speed must be maintained; proof is taken of the typeset matter, and it is corrected more than twice—by a proof reader, who marks on the margin such corrections as may be necessary. The lines marked are reset, and the new lines of type substituted for those in which errors were found. Then the type goes into the forms and impression is made.

Therefore newspaper men smile when they hear, "I don't see how such a mistake occurred."—Richmond (Va.) Times-Dispatch.

Money in Poultry

Eggs Marketed During the Winter and Early Spring Bring Big Profits

Whether hatched in an "apparatus" or under a hen, eggs are a money-making proposition in our country, at least. To support lay state, eggs are regularly marketed in a few of the many cases in the country where the humble hen is doing her part in keeping the profit and loss balance on the farm. The eggs are marketed by a writer in an American farm journal.

One farmer, who could not possibly be called a professional poultry man, the owns, operates and lives upon a 1,600-acre farm, and raises chickens and grain by the carload, is very enthusiastic over the profits realized from the flock. The farmer who keeps his hens through the winter. The strain is not "fancy" nor is their housing or feeding carried on according to the "fancy" method. They are cared for as many farmers' hens should be; hatched early, fed and watered regularly, and free range in summer and a warm brooder in winter. This man assures us that chickens pay well on the farm.

Another very aggressive farmer reports that the eggs marketed during the winter and early spring enabled him to keep a bit ahead of his grocery bill the time, and the family at large numbered sixteen. On this farm, like the other, the poultry industry is not emphasized; the fowls are given the same care and ordinary care, but the owner knows that they are giving good returns for the capital and labor invested.

There are other instances which might be mentioned where eggs are marketed. One farmer who has a small flock was practically all the cash new settlers saw during the winter season in the country, and still other farmers who get profits from an entire farm consisted of the good wife's egg money. I do not mean to say that eggs are a money-making proposition in every other living creature, which has so many different ways of being irritating as a hen, and which is so much more intelligent in her natural proclivities. But when restricted in her range, and given half a chance, she will make it all up in the number of eggs to lay, even from one milking to another on the same day, and from month to month. This applies to mixed herd milk and more particularly to milk from single cows.

Butter Fat in Milk

Milk Testing the Only Way to Determine Value of Product From Each Cow

Most of our dairy farmers are well accustomed to hear of milk "testing" so much, either high or low, understanding that the milk contains a certain percentage of fat, but they are not quite so clear to the majority, is the fact that milk varies considerably in its fat content. It is not unusual to find milk from one milking to another on the same day, and from month to month. This applies to mixed herd milk and more particularly to milk from single cows.

Thus, fat milk is valued according to its fat content, it is evident of extreme importance to every dairy farmer to know what the milk does; further, he needs to know, whether selling cream or pooling milk, the price of the milk. In the Bluebonnet milk test, 2.5 or 2.8, Bluebonnet's milk tests 3.1 or 3.2 per cent of fat. In one herd where six samples of milk from each cow were tested (cream milk), the results were as follows: cows averaged only 1.8, 2.3 and 2.7 per cent of fat for the whole year. Do your cows give real milk or why are you getting 2.5 or 2.8? You need property, as well as quality, are you getting both? Cow testing is necessary for your peace of mind.

COULD MOISTURE UNDER WHICH THE PRAIRIE SOIL WILL YIELD BEST

LACK OF MOISTURE IS THE GREATEST PROBLEM

Prof. Bracken of the University at Saskatoon, Demonstrates the Wisdom of Rotation of Crops — Lowest Yields Follow a Wheat Crop, Highest After Summer Fallowing.

It was in 1885 that the prairie provinces were first linked up with each other and with the outside world by the completion of the line of railway. Their agricultural history may therefore be said to date from that time and the thirty year period of growth is often pointed to with pride as a wonderful record of development. To bring under cultivation an acreage capable of producing a crop of nearly a thousand million bushels of grain is no small accomplishment. Yet if the whole history of the thirty years were written it would contain many records of failures and setbacks that would be discouraging if considered in full detail. The statement has been made that the present areas under cultivation have to a large extent been settled upon twice, the first arrivals having given up the struggle when faced by a short crop. This can be true only by a general way. It would probably be more correct to say that over the dry belt a large percentage of settlers failed to make a permanent home.

The same sort of experiences have been recorded in all of the western states. Kansas, which is now the foremost wheat producing state of the Union has a history almost unparalleled in the world. The prairie plagues followed one after the other and the farm population was several times reduced to a fraction of what it had been in previous years. The valiant few who held on through all the dark years had the satisfaction of winning the struggle and it was a natural selection of those who were able to adapt their methods to the new conditions which confronted them. The men of the future are applied to the men of Gideon in the olden time.

Of the difficulties that face the prairie farmer, the most formidable is the lack of moisture in certain seasons. Frosts and rust are to be reckoned with but in the majority of years the supply of moisture is a deciding factor. The past year was an exception in this regard and the prairie yields were obtained on lands that had very indifferent preparations may lead to wrong conclusions as to the best methods. It was a season when the usual soil failed, and the miraculous happened. With the abundance of rain during the growing season there was cool weather which retarded the ripening of the grain. Had the early fall frost come at the usual time it would have reduced the quality of the crop to considerable extent. As it was harvesting and threshing were completed with very little damage.

Good authorities have been agreed that for the best results in dry districts a succession of wheat crops are not desirable, and as summer following every few years or the judicious rotation with other crops is the safest plan. Even in 1915 the force of nature of these conditions was exemplified. At the University Farm at Saskatoon, Prof. Bracken has been conducting a large number of experiments on the yields as affected by the previous crops, showing that the lowest yield was following a wheat crop and the highest was following a summer fallow. Next to summer fallow as a preparation for wheat is corn or roots, this being in accordance with results obtained at other experimental farms.

With oats the same general results were obtained, though on stubble six bushels as compared with 48 bushels on wheat ground. Other crops showed a corresponding increase on fallow as compared with wheat ground, see percentage gains being 24 for barley, 10 for flax, 49 for rye and 50 for potatoes. Among eleven different experimental plots of wheat stubble the one that was burned in the spring and double disced, packed and harrowed, returned more net profit than any other, and yielded more bushels per acre than any other treatment except early shallow fall plowing that was worked down. This treatment applies to the effect of this tillage on the yield of not one crop only, but on the yield of each of six different crops—wheat, oats, barley, rape, potatoes and corn.

Fall plowing, due probably to the unusual late fall rains of 1914, produced slightly more than spring plowing in 1915. For the year 1914 the opposite was true. Next to the favorable effect of unfertilized crops on the yield of succeeding ones, the influence of the time of breaking on the yield of cereals is perhaps the most important of the results this year at Saskatoon. The yield of barley:

On spring breaking was 18 bushels 40 lbs.
On breaking previous September, 25 bushels 12 lbs.
On breaking previous August, 33 bushels 20 lbs.
On breaking previous July, 33 bushels 50 lbs.
On spring breaking yielded 22 bushels 15 lbs.
On breaking previous September, 28 bushels 12 lbs.

bushels 8 lbs.
On breaking previous July, 33 bushels 37 lbs.
On breaking previous June, 37 bushels 1 lb.
Ordinarily fall breaking and spring breaking result, in a partial failure for even when well done. These yields represent the relative value of breaking done at different times, but are more favorable to late work than they would be in normal years.—Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star.

Railway Expenditures

Railways Have Cost Canada Half Billion Dollars

The Dominion government's expenditures on railways to the end of the last fiscal year was \$648,205,427, and on canals \$150,205,774. The revenues from railways and canals since Confederation were \$222,183,767.

This annual report of the department of railway and canals shows the total expenditure on the National Transcontinental Railway for construction is \$152,874,745.

The total expenditure on the Grand Trunk Pacific mainline section, approved and certified up to the end of March, 1915, is given as \$62,116,625, while \$15,556,482 was spent on the prairie section up to the end of October, 1907, no further certificates having been issued for this section.

The total railway expenditure during the fiscal year to March 31, 1915, was \$4,747,532, including the outlay on the Quebec Island Railway. This total includes \$18,101,809 on the Intercolonial Railway, \$1,168,757 on the Prince Edward Island Railway, and \$10,071,479 on the National Transcontinental Railway.

The canal expenditure amounted to \$7,145,126, and the total convey for the year on railways and canals was \$50,063,988. The revenue derived from government railways and canals was \$12,777,129, and from the railways, and \$427,763 from canals. The operation of the Intercolonial Railway for the year resulted in a profit of \$4,965 on total earnings of \$11,444,873.

Gigantic Aeroplanes

Weight of Each Fully Equipped Will be 21,000 Pounds

Ten triplanes that will be super-dreadnoughts of the air have been ordered by the British government from the Carlsberg Company for fighting Zeppelins, according to a "flying" publication devoted to aviation.

The machines will be larger than all that are in use, and will be taller high, with a spread of 32 to the wings and a body sixty-eight feet long. Each machine will have difficulty in supporting its own weight. Fully equipped, of 21,000 pounds. With this weight its speed will be 75 miles an hour.

Each machine will have a motor will weigh 12,000 pounds. It will carry eight men, 2½ tons of gasoline, oil and a dead weight of 3,000 pounds of bombs. With a lighter load the triplane can make 100 miles an hour and have a radius of 750 miles. Four 250 horsepower motors will furnish power for two tractor propellers and one pusher. The climbing tower will be unusual, enabling it soon to reach 10,000 feet, the height of the night raiding Zeppelins.

There will be a sixty horsepower screw, for use when the machine is on the water. The machine will be self-starting, and the machine will carry a 3½-inch rapid fire gun and torpedoes of a new kind. The triplane will cost \$50,000 each.

A Three Years War

We took Lord Kitchener literally, observes the London Standard, when, with his usual calm wisdom, he spoke of a three years war. Regarding the war as a purely military problem, that estimate holds good. It was, of course, always on the cards that Germany might not consider it worth while to persevere to the bitter end, or that she might be reduced to submission by economic pressure; and those possibilities still exist. But when we reflect what defeat means to Germany, and especially to the Hohenzollern regime, it seems foolish optimism to count on the victor being supercilious in arms to bring about the desired result. The war is still undecided. But we have every reason to believe that the present year will see a decline in Germany's strength, and that the victory of the allies will be organized, if it is not actually accomplished, before another winter has come and gone.

"Recovered from your attack of the grip, old man?"

"Not entirely."

"Why, you look as well as ever."

"Yes, but I owe the doctor 218."

"Friend—I hear that quinine has gone away up."

"Druggist—It's the bitter truth."

General Local News of The Town and District

Readers Can Make This Column
More Interesting By Informing
The Editor of Events Occur-
ing Hereabouts

W. H. Martin, manager of the local bank, returned from the East on Tuesday, after spending a month visiting friends.

Geo. Wetzel who has been spending the winter in the States arrived home on Saturday train.

Fred Lvonsis back in town again after a winters vacation in Ontario.

BIRTH—To Mr. and Mrs. John Worbo, on Tuesday, Mar. 28, a son.

Mrs. R. S. Meiklejohn will receive from 3 to 5 p. m. at her home in Consort, on Wednesday April 5th. Mrs. Marshman (her mother) will receive with her.

J. Hanson, building contractor, made a business trip to Kerobert on Wednesday.

E. T. Stewart left on Tuesday on a business trip to Red Deer and Calgary.

L. Lawrence who has been in charge of the National Elevator for some time past, left on Tuesday's train.

A. C. Henman is away on a horse purchasing trip.

Fred Johnson left for St. Paul yesterday, having received the sad news of his father's death.

B. Lea Wilson returned from Lloydminster on Saturday.

Mr. Davis is the new manager of the National Elevator.

W. G. MacKenzie has moved his office into the Deadmarsh Block.

L. R. Beebe is brightening up his store with a new coat of paint.

A. J. Deadmarsh has opened up his new shoe department.

The new sidewalk improves the main St. somewhat.

Several flocks of geese and swan have been noticed flying around this district during the past week.

Ole Olson, who lives about nine miles north of here, was unfortunate enough to have his house and all its contents destroyed by fire. Mr. Olson was badly burned while trying to save his goods. 100.00 in money was lost in the fire.

MARRIED—At Winnipeg on Monday, March 20th, Miss Jonnet McQuat of Winnipeg to Alfred J. Penny of Monitor.

The happy couple arrived on Wednesday and will take up their residence on the farm south-east of town.

Louis Fleming is selling a carload of horses on Saturday, April 8th at the Stock Yards.

Forthcoming Auction Sales

—BY—
Col. J. R. Whitney
Auctioneer

Having received instructions from Messrs Noe & Adair I will sell by Public Auction on

N. W. 1-4 4-36-5

7 miles North West of Monitor and 6 miles North East of Consort, on

Friday, March 31

16 Head of Cattle

5 Head Horses

Machinery

Household Effects

TERMS:—Cash

Having received instructions from Messrs Hauer & Frantzen I will sell by Public Auction at Thor Hauer's farm

W. 1-2 10-33-6

13 Miles South of Consort, 6 Miles East of Wiste on

Thurs. April 6th

12 Head of Horses

4 Head of Cattle

Farm Machinery

Household Effects

Terms—8 Months Credit.

Having received instructions from J. S. BLUE, I sell by Public Auction at

Stock Yards in Monitor

ON

Saturday, April 8

At 1 o'clock

**Car of Cattle and 5
Head of Horses**

Consisting of: 8 head of extra good milch cows, some will be fresh by day of sale. 4 2-yr. old steers. 10 1-year-old steers. 1 Shorthorn bull. 1 span, big work geldings. 8 yrs. old, wt. 2800. 1 pair, mare and geld., 7 and 8 yrs. wt. 2000. 1 bay mare, 8 yrs. wt. 1100.

TERMS—CASH.

Fence Posts

Now is the time to haul your fence posts before spring seeding begins.

We have a car of extra fine willow posts, also a car of split cedar on track.

**Buy Now & Save Money
by hauling from the car.**

Shiplap

Just received, a car of 6 in. and 8 in. shiplap. This is DRY and will not shrink

**Give us a call and you will
find we have the goods.**

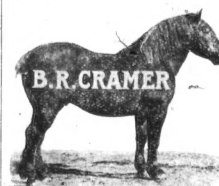
**Galvin Lumber
Yards Limited**

Now Open Monitor Dining Hall

Opposite Beebe Hardware

Come and enjoy a good
clean meal.

Radel Bros. : : Props.



Commission Agent
Horses and Cattle bought & sold
B. R. Cramer, Auctioneer
P. O. Box 54 Monitor

E. C. Melvin & Son

Plasters, Brick Layers,
Paper Hanging and Painting

MONITOR : : ALTA.

Monitor Barber Shop

Sam English, Tonsorial Artist

Monitor Alta.

The Monitor Cash Hardware

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
Furniture, Farm Machinery.

Paint Up

Now spring has arrived you will need paint. I have paint for every purpose and my prices are reasonable. I also have Kalsomine in different shades.

Furniture

I have just received a new shipment including kitchen chairs, rocking chairs, tables and childrens high chairs.

Tudhope-Anderson
Buggies

Massey-Harris
Machinery

Formaldehyde

Grain Sacks

Garden Seeds

Dry Cell Batteries

Wall Paper

I have a large stock on hand.

Walk a Block and Save Money

W. H. Olson, Prop.

Agent for Govt. Telephone

Start Right

You Can Buy Right From Us.

This Means a Right Start

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Goggles..... | 20c |
| Sharpening Stone..... | 15c up |
| Clevises, 10c to..... | 60c |
| Plow Pulleys..... | 75c and 90c |
| Chain 14 feet 2 in 7-16 or 1 in. links at..... | 1.85 |
| Oil Cans..... | 15c and 25c |
| Plow Hammers..... | 80c and 90c |
| Anvils..... | 6.00 10.00 13.00 |
| Post Vise 87 lb. 5 inch Steel Face..... | 20.00 |
| No. 155 Ratchet Forge..... | 16.50 |
| Farrier's Knives..... | 40c |
| Farrier's Punches..... | 1.65 |
| Heller's Hoof Parers..... | 3.00 |
| Halter Chains..... | 35c |
| Ropes, all sizes per lb..... | 20c |
| Grindstones per lb..... | 4c |
| Clay Picks..... | 1.00 up |
| Shovels..... | 1.00 up |
| Trace Chain..... | 45c and 65c |
| Tie Out Chains, 40 feet..... | 1.25 1.40 1.65 |
| Well Wheels..... | .75 |
| Post Hole Spades..... | 1.10 |
| Post Hole Augers..... | 1.75 2.25 |
| 4 Horse Oak Doubletrees..... | 1.65 |
| 2 Horse Oak Doubletrees..... | 1.00 |
| Singletrees..... | 60c |
| Fork Handle with Ferrule and Cap..... | 45c |
| Calf Muzzles..... | 50c Calf Weaners..... 25c |
| Dynamite per stick..... | 50c Caps each..... 2c Fuse ft..... 5 |
| All sizes Carriage and Machine Bolts, Wood Screws, Stove Bolts and Set Screws | |
| Humpy Dumpty Egg Crates, 12 doz size..... | 65c |
| Gall Cure..... | 25c |
| Pine Tar..... | 25c |
| Blacklead for Sore Shoulders, enke..... | 5c |

1 No. 3 Sharples Separator. Reg. \$72.50
Snap at \$60.00. Terms.

Farmer's use "SNAP" or "CLEAN EM" on your hands, it beats soap for speed and thoroughness.

John Deere Machinery

L. R. Beebe Hardware Co.

Horsemen Order Your Route Cards.

RANCHERS

Just Arrived, a carload of Green Tamarac Poles. Just what you have been looking for, to build that Corral.

Galvin Lumber Yds. Ltd.

B. R. Cramer
Building Contractor

Monitor Alta.

Monitor Laundry

First Class Work

Guaranteed

Sam Lee : Prop.

The News Goes Home.

Notice to Creditors

IN THE ESTATE OF Allen Casper Beamer, late of Monitor, in the Province of Alberta, Merchant, DECEASED

Pursuant to an Order of His Honor Judge Greene, Acting Judge of the District Court of Settler, dated March 24th, 1916, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of Allen Casper Beamer, who died on or about the 15th day of June, 1915, at Monitor, Alberta are required to send to Corey & Locke, Barristers, Coronation, Alberta, on or before the 28th day of May, 1916, a full statement of their claims and of any securities held by them, duly verified by Statutory Declaration, and after date, the Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to claims of which notice has been filed with the said Corey & Locke.

DATED at the Town of Coronation, in the Province of Alberta, this 24th day of March, 1916.

COREY & LOCKE
Solicitors for Daisy Edith Beamer, Administratrix.

Approved G. W. G.

Card Thanks

Having turned over the Barber Shop to Mr. Fleming I take this opportunity to thank all those who gave me their patronage during the past years.

SAM ENGLISH.